Tidal Nonsense

Effects of Tidal Conditions on Egret Foraging Behavior in Arcata Marsh

Tania L. Estrada Rodriguez, California Polytechnic State University, Humboldt, 1 Harpst Street Arcata Ca, 95521, USA

Introduction

- Egrets regulate wetland ecosystems by regulating populations of fish and invertebrates, but the impact of tide levels on their foraging success is poorly understood.
- Tide levels affect egret populations, and environmental conditions influence their foraging behavior (Strong et al. 1997, Maccrone and Brzorad 2002).
- Objective: to determine if high tides pose unfavorable foraging conditions for egrets and if their foraging behavior differs between high and low tide

Hypothesis

• If high tides pose unfavorable foraging conditions for egrets, such as by reducing the visibility of prey, then we **expect** to observe greater foraging behaviors like strike rates during low tide

Methods

- Sample size: 6 ponds labeled:1 Brackish Pond, 2
 Gearheart Marsh, 3 Hauser Marsh, 4 Allen
 Marsh, 5 Restored Salt Marsh, and 6 Log Pond.
- Variables: tide levels, temperature, precipitation, strike rates, time spent foraging.
- **Observations:** 10-minute focal observations to minimize observer bias or interference with the bird's natural behavior.
- Analysis: T-test and Logistic regression in R statistical software

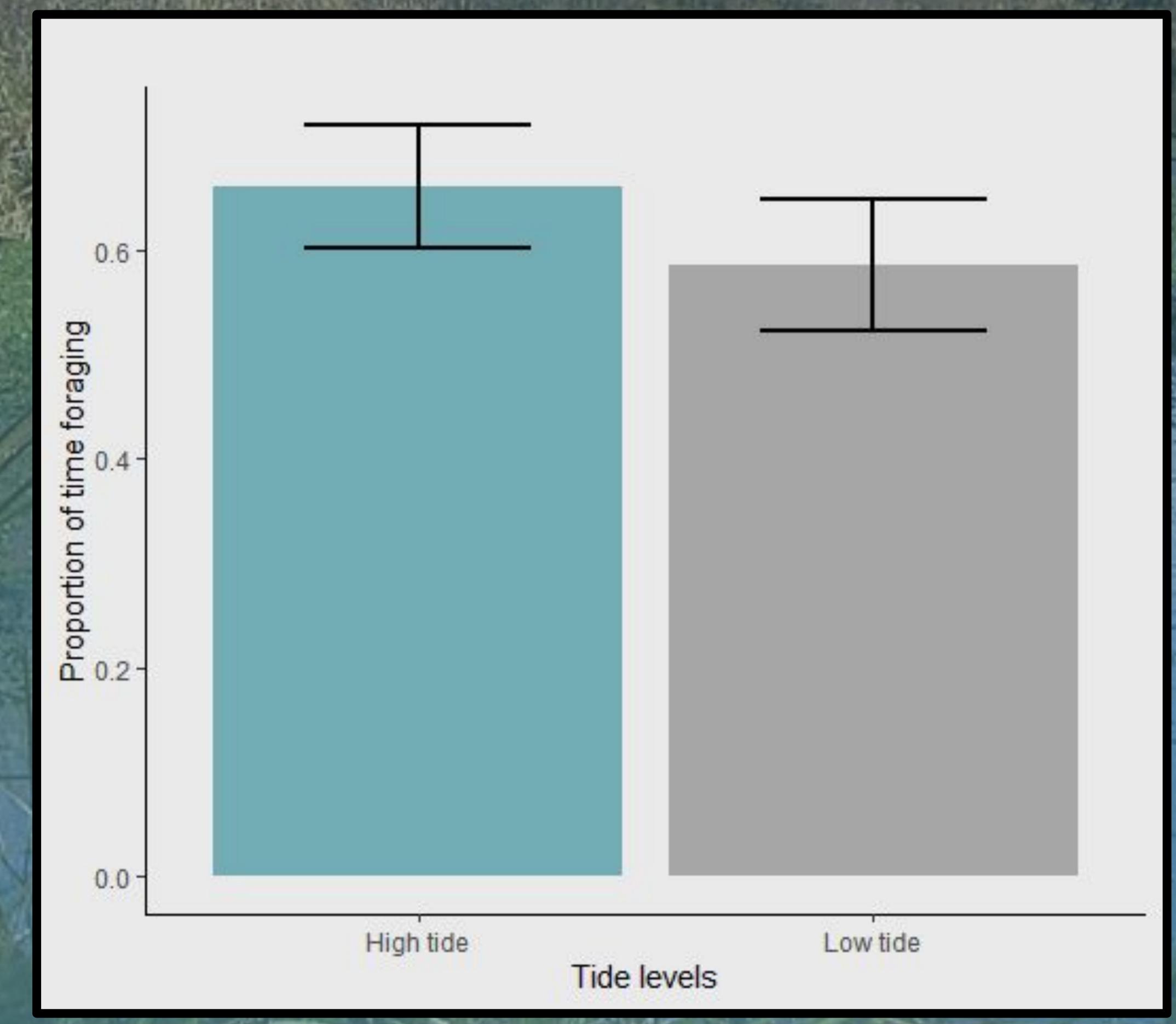
Outcome variables: Strike rate

Predictor variable: Temperature, Overcast,

Waterfowl presence, Tide







Results

- tide did not impact egret foraging behavior
- (T=1.730, DF 95%, P=0.086).
- Logistic regression analysis compared AIC values, mod2 was lower at 129.09 than mod1 at 130.91
- my top-performing model showed inverse relationship between weather and egret foraging success, with Beta coefficient of -1.10 and a significant p-value of 0.03.

Discussion

- Contradicts previous studies (Lantz et al. 2010) Low tides were preferred
- Mean proportion of foraging time was similar for both groups.
- Weather extremes reduced egret activity at the AMWS: hail, snow, wind, rain (Youcefi et al. 2018)
- Future research could examine individual species and locations.

Literature cited

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