



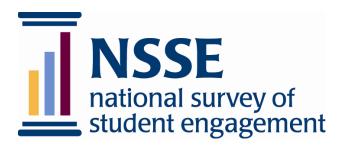






Office of Institutional Research and Planning

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Presentation Overview

- ✓ Concept of Student Engagement
- √ NSSE in 2013
- √ 2013 HSU NSSE Administration
- √ Selected HSU Results
 - ✓ HSU First-Year Students
 - √ HSU Senior Students
- ✓ Questions & Discussion

NSSE and the Concept of Student Engagement







What is Student Engagement?

- ✓ What students <u>do</u> -- time and energy devoted to studies and other educationally purposeful activities
- ✓ What institutions <u>do</u> -- using resources and effective educational practices to induce students to do the right things
- ✓ Educationally effective institutions channel student energy toward the right activities



Seven Principles of Good Practice in Undergraduate Education

- ✓ Student-faculty contact
- ✓ Active learning
- ✓ Prompt feedback
- ✓ Time on task
- ✓ High expectations
- ✓ Experiences with diversity
- ✓ Cooperation among students





Brief Background of NSSE

- ✓ Launched with grant from The Pew Charitable Trusts in 1999, supported by institutional participation fees since 2002.
- ✓ More than 1,500 baccalaureategranting colleges and universities in the US and Canada have participated to date.
- ✓ Institution types, sizes, and locations represented in NSSE are largely representative of U.S. baccalaureate institutions.

Year	Institutions
Teal	msululions
2001	321
2002	367
2003	437
2004	473
2005	529
2006	557
2007	610
2008	769
2009	640
2010	595
2011	751
2012	577
2013	621

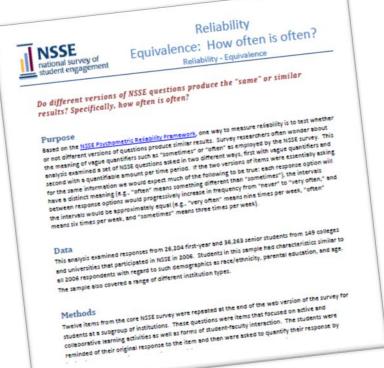
Goals of NSSE Project

- ✓ Focus conversations on undergraduate quality
- ✓ Enhance institutional practice and improvement initiatives
- ✓ Provide systematic national data on "good educational practices"



A Commitment to Data Quality

NSSE's Psychometric Portfolio presents evidence of validity, reliability, and other indicators of data quality. It serves higher education leaders, researchers, and professionals who use NSSE.



See the Psychometric Portfolio

nsse.iub.edu/links/psychometric_portfolio

NSSE in 2013



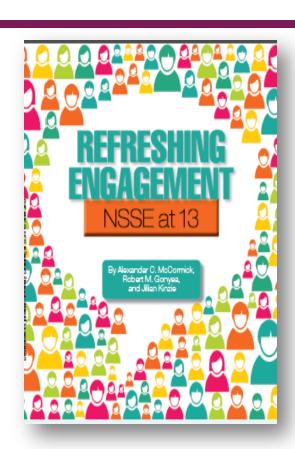
HSU photos are courtesy of HSU Marketing and Communication Department. www.flickr.com/photos/humboldtstate



NSSE Updated in 2013!

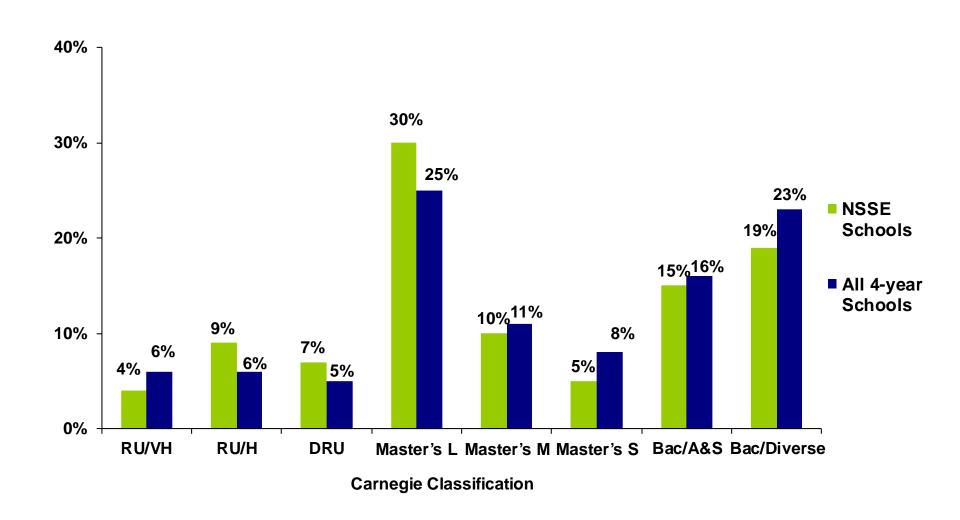
Updating NSSE...

- Connect engagement data to indicators of success, student behaviors, and institutional improvement
- Emerging areas of interest HIPs, quantitative reasoning, effective teaching, deep approaches, topical modules





NSSE 2013 Institutions by Carnegie Classification



2013 HSU NSSE Administration





Survey Administration

- Sampled all first-year & senior students
- Administered Spring 2013
- Multiple reminders to increase response rates
- Additional Modules
 - Academic Advising
 - Experiences with Writing



NSSE 2013 Survey Population and Respondents

- More than 1.5 million students were invited to participate in NSSE 2013, with 364,193 responding
- 4,017 **HSU** students were invited to participate, with 1,303 responding





NSSE 2013 U.S. Institution Response Rates

First-year HSU response rate = 29%

Senior HSU response rate = 34%

NSSE 2013 U.S. Institutional Response Rates

All NSSE 2013 institutions = 30%

Undergraduate Enrollment	Number of Institutions	Avg. Institutional Response Rate
2,500 or fewer	255	37%
2,501 to 4,999	113	28%
5,000 to 9,999	96	22%
10,000 or more	104	21%
All institutions	568	30%

NSSE 2013 Respondents by Race, Ethnicity, and Nationality

	Bachelor's- Granting	NSSE 2013 Respondents	First Year HSU	Senior HSU
African American/Black	13%	10%	4%	2%
Amer. Indian/Alaskan Native	1%	1%	1%	1%
Asian	6%	3%	5%	2%
Native Hawaiian/other PI	<1%	<1%	<1%	<1%
Caucasian/White	62%	70%	43%	61%
Hispanic/Latino	12%	10%	35%	16%
Multiracial/Ethnic	2%	2%	6%	6%
Foreign/nonresident alien	3%	3%	1%	1%

Totals may not sum to 100% due to rounding. U.S. percentages are unweighted and based on data from the 2011 IPEDS Institutional Characteristics and Enrollment File. IPEDS and NSSE categories for race and ethnicity differ. Percentages exclude students whose ethnicity was unknown or not provided.

Selected HSU Results





Methods

Comparison Groups

- Far West Public Institutions (n=18)
- Carnegie Class Institutions (n=55)
 - Master's Colleges and Universities (medium programs)
- NSSE 2013 Institutions (*n*=567)



Significant Findings

Table 2. Significance and effect sizes for collaborative learning and engagement

		First-Year Students						Seniors					
		Significance			Eff	Effect size		Significance			Effect size		
Va	riable Name	Far West	Carnegie	NSSE	Far West	Carnegie	NSSE	Far West	Carnegie	NSSE	Far West	Carnegie	NSSE
1 a.	askquest	.000	.000	.000	23	.40	.32	.014	.000	.001	.08	.23	11
b.	drafts	.000	.000	.023	.21	.18	.12	.000	.000	.041	.18	.16	.07
c.	unpreparedr	.000	.000	.001	.21	.25	.18	.000	.000	.000	.34	.40	.29
d.	attendart	ns	.032	.044	.07	.11	10	.000	.000	.000	.40	.39	.37
e.	CLaskhelp	ns	.005	ns	.06	.13	09	.000	.000	.000	.25	.31	.30
f.	CLexplain	ns	ns	ns	04	.05	02	.000	.000	.000	.25	.33	.30
g.	CLstudy	ns	ns	ns	.05	10	.05	.000	.000	.000	.25	.33	.32
h.	CLproject	ns	ns	ns	.04	.02	.02	.000	.000	.000	.17	.24	.17
i.	present	.038	.002	.021	10	.15	.11	.001	.015	.000	11	.08	14



Significant Findings

- Statistically significant findings
 - First-year Students
 - Senior Students

- Full report found at:
 - www.humboldt.edu/irp/Reports/NESSE/NSSE.html



HSU First-Year Students





Collaborative Learning, Classroom Engagement, and Preparation

- Asked questions or contributed to course discussions in other ways
- Prepared two or more drafts of a paper or assignment before turning it in
- Went to class without completing readings or assignments
- Gave a course presentation

2008 Classroom Engagement

- Prepared two or more drafts of a paper or assignment before turning it in more often than all NSSE participants
- Students went to class without completing readings or assignments less often than Carnegie Class and NSSE comparison groups
- Only gave a course presentation less often than students at other CSUs: Did not differ from other groups.

- Blue = Higher than
- Red = Lower than

Reflective and Interactive Learning

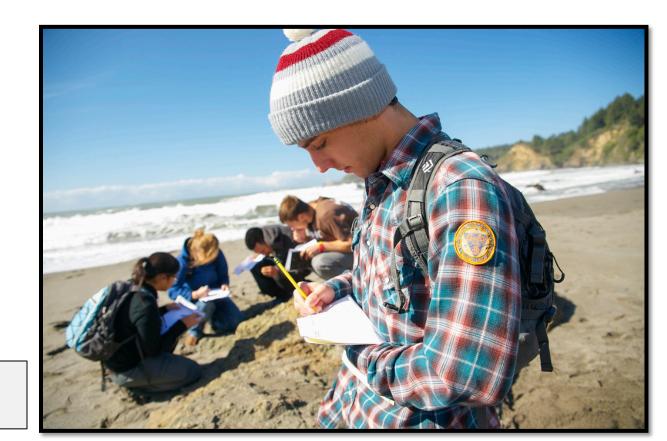
- Combined ideas from different courses when completing assignments
- Connected your learning to societal problems or issues
- Included diverse perspectives (political, religious, racial/ethnic, gender, etc.) in course discussions or assignments
- Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue
- Tried to better understand someone else's views by imagining how an issue looks from his or her perspective
- Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge



- Blue = Higher than
- Red = Lower than

Student-Faculty Interaction

- Worked with a faculty member on activities other than coursework
 - Such as committees, student groups, etc.



- Blue = Higher than
- Red = Lower than

Effective Teaching Practices

- Felt their instructors clearly explained course goals and requirements
- Felt their instructors provided prompt and detailed feedback on tests or completed assignments



- Blue = Higher than
- Red = Lower than

Discussions with Diverse Others

- Had discussions with people of a race or ethnicity other than their own
- Had discussions with people from a different economic background other than their own
- Had discussions with people with different religious beliefs other than their own



- Blue = Higher than
- Red = Lower than

Learning Strategies

- Reviewed their notes after class
- Summarized what they learned in class or from course materials



- Blue = Higher than
- Red = Lower than

Challenge

Do not feel that their courses challenged them to do their best work

Campus Quality Survey

 Students rate HSU's ability to challenge them as good/excellent overall (83%). Perhaps what HSU students consider high challenge and what other students consider high challenge differ.

- Blue = Higher than
- Red = Lower than



Educational and Personal Growth

- Hold a formal leadership role in a student organization or group
- Participate in a learning community or some other formal program where groups of students take two or more classes together
- Participate in a study abroad programs

2008 Educational Experiences

 Participated in a learning community or some other formal program where groups of students take two or more classes together more often

Campus Quality Survey

- 79% of students have not held a leadership position on campus
- Only 5% of students have studied abroad, and 80% of those students say that their experience was extremely important to their education (15% said somewhat important)
- 61% of students did not know they could receive financial aid to study abroad

- Blue = Higher than
- Red = Lower than

Campus Emphasis

- Encourages contact among students from different backgrounds (social, racial/ethnic, religious, etc.) more than other campuses
- Provide support for your overall well-being (recreation, health care, counseling, etc.) more than other campuses

Emphasizes attending events that address important social, economic, or political issues

more than other campuses



- Blue = Higher than
- Red = Lower than



Time Management

- Work on campus
- Work off campus
- Relax and socialize
- Care for dependents
- Commute to campus
- Total hours worked were less than peers

- Blue = Higher than
- Red = Lower than



Perceived Gains

- Write clearly and effectively
- Acquired as much job- or work-related knowledge and skills
- Better understanding of people of other backgrounds (economic, racial/ethnic, political, religious, nationality, etc.)



- Blue = Higher than
- Red = Lower than

Writing

- Argue a position using evidence and reasoning in their writing
- Write in the style and format of a specific field less often than their peers.
- Instructors provided clear instructions describing what he or she wanted the student to do

Campus Quality Survey

- Only 43% of respondents frequently wrote a term paper. Seniors wrote the most (52%) and freshmen wrote the least (26%). Less than 50% of respondents found writing a term paper difficult.
- Students wrote a term paper or prepared/delivered an oral presentation less often than students at two other CSUs used for comparison

- Blue = Higher than
- Red = Lower than

Advising

- Discussed their academic interests, course selections, or academic performance with their advisor.
- Advisors informed them of academic support options (e.g. tutoring)

Campus Quality Survey

- Students rated faculty advising as the most important factor in advising.
- Students rated the quality of advising as excellent/good (82.5%)



- Blue = Higher than
- Red = Lower than

HSU Senior Students



Senior Students

2013 Classroom Engagement

- Asked questions or contributed to course discussions in other ways
- Prepared two or more drafts of a paper or assignment before turning it in
- Went to class without completing readings or assignments
- Attended an art exhibit, play or other arts performance (dance, music, etc.)

2008 Classroom Engagement

- Asked questions or contributed to course discussions in other ways more often than CSU students, but less often than CC peers
- Prepared two or more drafts of a paper or assignment before turning it in more often than overall NSSE participants
- Came to class without completing readings or assignments less often than peers

- Blue = Higher than
- Red = Lower than

Collaborative Learning

- Asked another student to help him/her understand course material
- Explained course material to one or more students
- Prepared for exams by discussing or working through course material with other students
- Worked with other students on course projects or assignments
- Gave a course presentation

2008 Collaborative Learning

- Worked with other students on course projects or assignments less often than peers
- Gave a course presentation less often than peers

- Blue = Higher than
- Red = Lower than

Reflective and Interactive Learning

- Combined ideas from different courses when completing assignments
- Connected their learning to societal problems or issues
- Examined the strengths and weaknesses of their own views on a topic or issue
- Tried to better understand someone else's views by imagining how an issue looks from his or her perspective
- Learned something that changed the way you understand an issue or concept
- Connected ideas from their courses to their prior experiences and knowledge

- Blue = Higher than
- Red = Lower than

Student-Faculty Interaction

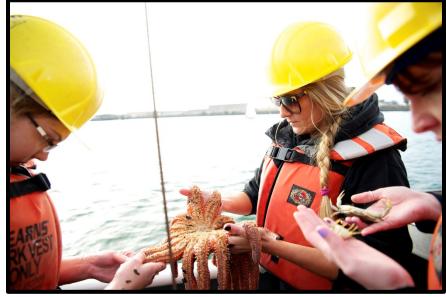
- Worked with a faculty member on activities other than coursework (committees, student groups, etc.)
- Discussed course topics, ideas, or concepts with a faculty member outside of class

Campus Quality Survey

Students who work with faculty on projects report an enhanced educational experience



- Blue = Higher than
- Red = Lower than



Higher-Order Learning

Memorize course materials



- Blue = Higher than
- Red = Lower than

Effective Teaching Practices

 Felt their instructors provided prompt and detailed feedback on tests or completed assignments

2008 Effective Teaching Practices

 Felt their instructors provided prompt and detailed feedback on tests or completed assignments more often than other CSU students, and as often as other two groups.



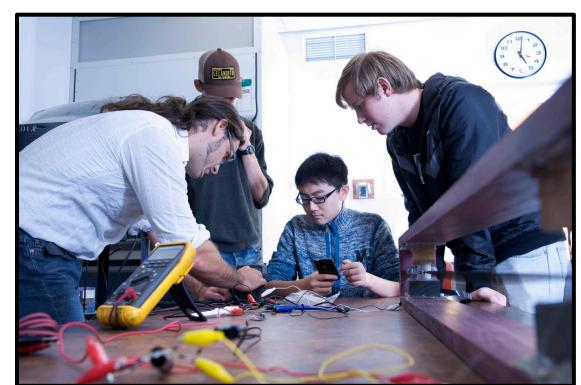
- Blue = Higher than
- Red = Lower than

Quantitative Reasoning

- Reached conclusions based on your own analysis of numerical information (numbers, graphs, statistics, etc.)
- Used numerical information to examine a real-world problem or issue (unemployment, climate change, public health)
- Evaluated what others have concluded from numerical information

Campus Quality Survey

 Students felt the greatest skill they improved in at HSU was critical thinking and analytical reasoning



- Blue = Higher than
- Red = Lower than

Reading and Writing Frequency

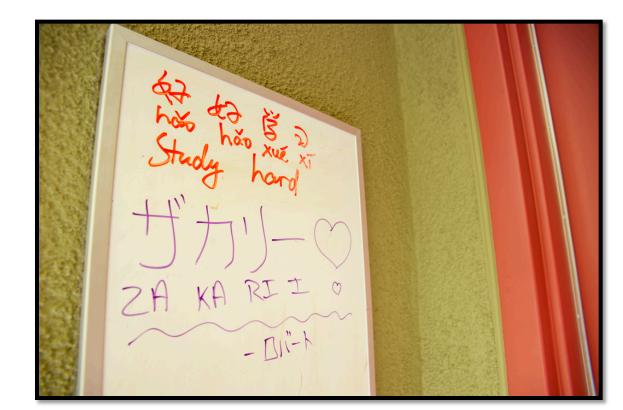
Time spent on assigned reading



- Blue = Higher than
- Red = Lower than

Discussions with Diverse Others

- Had discussions with people of a race or ethnicity other than their own
- Had discussions with people from a different economic background other than their own
- Had discussions with people with political views other than their own



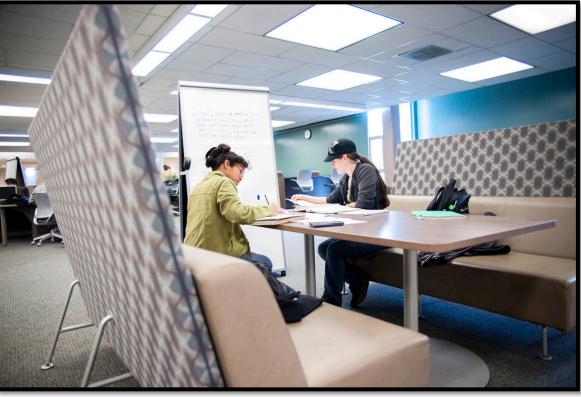
- Blue = Higher than
- Red = Lower than

Learning Strategies

- Identified key information from reading assignments
- Reviewed their notes after class
- Summarized what they learned in class or from course materials



- Blue = Higher than
- Red = Lower than



Challenge

Do not feel that their courses challenged them to do their best work



- Blue = Higher than
- Red = Lower than

Educational and Personal Growth

- Work with a faculty member on a research project
- Complete a culminating senior experience (capstone course, senior project or thesis, comprehensive exam, portfolio, etc.)

Campus Quality Survey

Students who work with faculty on projects report an enhanced educational experience



- Blue = Higher than
- Red = Lower than



HSU Emphasizes...

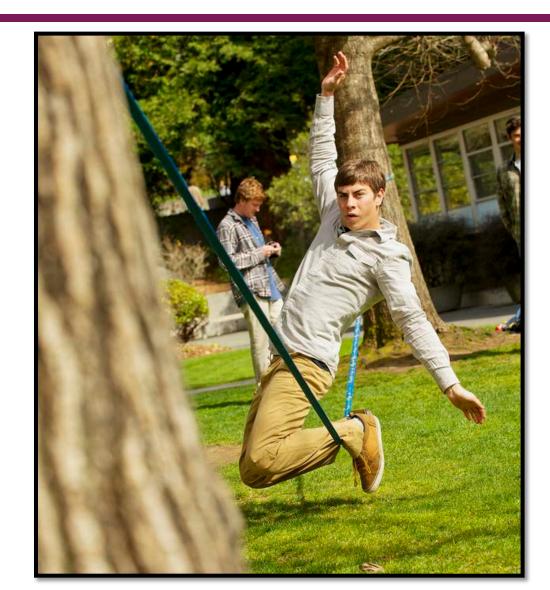
- Providing opportunities to be involved socially
- Providing support for student overall well-being (recreation, health care, counseling, etc.)
- Attending campus activities and events (performing arts, athletic events, etc.)
- Attending events that address important social, economic, or political issues



- Blue = Higher than
- Red = Lower than

Time Management

- Preparing for class
- Participating in curricular activities
- Work on campus
- Work off campus
- Relaxing and socializing
- Caring for dependents
- Assigned reading
- Total hours worked



- Blue = Higher than
- Red = Lower than

HSU Prepares students to...

- Acquire job- or work-related knowledge and skills
- Solve complex real-world problems
- Be an informed and active citizen.



- Blue = Higher than
- Red = Lower than



Writing

- Developed ideas before starting assignment
- Received feedback on a draft before final assignment
- Gave feedback to a classmate about a draft or outline
- Analyzed something read, researched, or observed
- Described methods or findings related to data
- Argued a position using evidence and reasoning
- Explained in writing the meaning of statistical data
- Wrote in the style and format of a specific field
- Addressed a real or imagined audience
- Explained in advance learning objectives

Campus Quality Survey

- Only 43% of respondents frequently wrote a term paper. Seniors wrote the most (52%) and freshmen wrote the least (26%). Less than 50% of respondents found writing a term paper difficult.
- Students wrote a term paper less often than students at two other CSUs used for comparison

- Blue = Higher than
- Red = Lower than

Advising

- Students interacted with an academic advisor
- Were informed of important deadlines by advisors
- Advisors helped students understand academic rules and policies
- Were informed of academic support options less
- Advisors helped students get information on special opportunities

Campus Quality Survey

- Students rated faculty advising as the most important factor in advising.
- Students rated the quality of advising as excellent/good (82.5%)



- Blue = Higher than
- Red = Lower than



